

# Oedipus Rex



# Oedipus Rex

*SOPHOCLES*

RYERSON UNIVERSITY  
TORONTO



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- Relevance to post-secondary courses taught in Ontario
- Frequency of appearance on syllabi listed in the Open Syllabus Project
- Proposed usage in open assignments in courses at Ryerson and Brock universities during the Fall 2021 semester
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This project is made possible with funding by the Government of Ontario and the Virtual Learning Strategy. To learn more about the Virtual Learning Strategy visit: <https://vls.ecampusontario.ca/>.

# Introduction to the Book

PUBLIC DOMAIN CORE COLLECTION TEAM

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PUBLIC DOMAIN CORE COLLECTION TEAM

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This statement was last updated on February 15, 2022.

# Acknowledgements

## PUBLIC DOMAIN CORE COLLECTION TEAM

The Public Domain Core Collection Project would not have been possible without the enthusiastic collaboration between staff, faculty members and students at Ryerson and Brock universities. We came together with a shared desire to make commonly used public domain texts more accessible to instructors and students in our institutions, Ontario and beyond. We also wanted to encourage instructors to use the texts as a basis for open pedagogy assignments with the aim of empowering students to become knowledge creators rather than just knowledge consumers.

## Core Project Team

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# Argument

To Laius, King of Thebes, an oracle foretold that the child born to him by his queen Jocasta would slay his father and wed his mother. So when in time a son was born the infant's feet were riveted together and he was left to die on Mount Cithaeron. But a shepherd found the babe and tended him, and delivered him to another shepherd who took him to his master, the King of Corinth. Polybus being childless adopted the boy, who grew up believing that he was indeed the King's son. Afterwards doubting his parentage he inquired of the Delphic god and heard himself the word declared before to Laius. Wherefore he fled from what he deemed his father's house and in his flight he encountered and unwillingly slew his father Laius. Arriving at Thebes he answered the riddle of the Sphinx and the grateful Thebans made their deliverer king. So he reigned in the room of Laius, and espoused the widowed queen. Children were born to them and Thebes prospered under his rule, but again a grievous plague fell upon the city. Again the oracle was consulted and it bade them purge themselves of blood-guiltiness. Oedipus denounces the crime of which he is unaware, and undertakes to track out the criminal. Step by step it is brought home to him that he is the man. The closing scene reveals Jocasta slain by her own hand and Oedipus blinded by his own act and praying for death or exile.

# Dramatis Personae

Oedipus.

The Priest of Zeus.

Creon.

Chorus of Theban Elders.

Teiresias.

Jocasta.

Messenger.

Herd of Laius.

Second Messenger.

# Oedipus Rex

Scene: Thebes. Before the Palace of Oedipus.

Suppliants of all ages are seated round the altar at the palace doors, at their head a PRIEST OF ZEUS. To them enter OEDIPUS.

OEDIPUS

My children, latest born to Cadmus old,  
Why sit ye here as suppliants, in your hands  
Branches of olive filleted with wool?  
What means this reek of incense everywhere,  
And everywhere laments and litanies?  
Children, it were not meet that I should learn  
From others, and am hither come, myself,  
I Oedipus, your world-renowned king.  
Ho! aged sire, whose venerable locks  
Proclaim thee spokesman of this company,  
Explain your mood and purport. Is it dread  
Of ill that moves you or a boon ye crave?  
My zeal in your behalf ye cannot doubt;  
Ruthless indeed were I and obdurate  
If such petitioners as you I spurned.

PRIEST

Yea, Oedipus, my sovereign lord and king,  
Thou seest how both extremes of age besiege  
Thy palace altars—fledglings hardly winged,  
and greybeards bowed with years; priests, as am I  
of Zeus, and these the flower of our youth.  
Meanwhile, the common folk, with wreathed boughs  
Crowd our two market-places, or before  
Both shrines of Pallas congregate, or where  
Ismenus gives his oracles by fire.  
For, as thou seest thyself, our ship of State,  
Sore buffeted, can no more lift her head,

Foundered beneath a weltering surge of blood.  
A blight is on our harvest in the ear,  
A blight upon the grazing flocks and herds,  
A blight on wives in travail; and withal  
Armed with his blazing torch the God of Plague  
Hath swooped upon our city emptying  
The house of Cadmus, and the murky realm  
Of Pluto is full fed with groans and tears.  
Therefore, O King, here at thy hearth we sit,  
I and these children; not as deeming thee  
A new divinity, but the first of men;  
First in the common accidents of life,  
And first in visitations of the Gods.  
Art thou not he who coming to the town  
of Cadmus freed us from the tax we paid  
To the fell songstress? Nor hadst thou received  
Prompting from us or been by others schooled;  
No, by a god inspired (so all men deem,  
And testify) didst thou renew our life.  
And now, O Oedipus, our peerless king,  
All we thy votaries beseech thee, find  
Some succor, whether by a voice from heaven  
Whispered, or haply known by human wit.  
Tried counselors, methinks, are aptest found  
To furnish for the future pregnant rede.  
Upraise, O chief of men, upraise our State!  
Look to thy laurels! for thy zeal of yore  
Our country's savior thou art justly hailed:  
O never may we thus record thy reign:—  
“He raised us up only to cast us down.”  
Uplift us, build our city on a rock.  
Thy happy star ascendant brought us luck,  
O let it not decline! If thou wouldst rule  
This land, as now thou reignest, better sure  
To rule a peopled than a desert realm.

Nor battlements nor galleys aught avail,  
If men to man and guards to guard them tail.

OEDIPUS

Ah! my poor children, known, ah, known too well,  
The quest that brings you hither and your need.  
Ye sicken all, well wot I, yet my pain,  
How great soever yours, outtops it all.  
Your sorrow touches each man severally,  
Him and none other, but I grieve at once  
Both for the general and myself and you.  
Therefore ye rouse no sluggard from day-dreams.  
Many, my children, are the tears I've wept,  
And threaded many a maze of weary thought.  
Thus pondering one clue of hope I caught,  
And tracked it up; I have sent Menoeceus' son,  
Creon, my consort's brother, to inquire  
Of Pythian Phoebus at his Delphic shrine,  
How I might save the State by act or word.  
And now I reckon up the tale of days  
Since he set forth, and marvel how he fares.  
'Tis strange, this endless tarrying, passing strange.  
But when he comes, then I were base indeed,  
If I perform not all the god declares.

PRIEST

Thy words are well timed; even as thou speakest  
That shouting tells me Creon is at hand.

OEDIPUS

O King Apollo! may his joyous looks  
Be presage of the joyous news he brings!

PRIEST

As I surmise, 'tis welcome; else his head  
Had scarce been crowned with berry-laden bays.

OEDIPUS

We soon shall know; he's now in earshot range.

[Enter CREON]

My royal cousin, say, Menoeceus' child,  
What message hast thou brought us from the god?

CREON

Good news, for e'en intolerable ills,  
Finding right issue, tend to naught but good.

OEDIPUS

How runs the oracle? thus far thy words  
Give me no ground for confidence or fear.

CREON

If thou wouldst hear my message publicly,  
I'll tell thee straight, or with thee pass within.

OEDIPUS

Speak before all; the burden that I bear  
Is more for these my subjects than myself.

CREON

Let me report then all the god declared.  
King Phoebus bids us straitly extirpate  
A fell pollution that infests the land,  
And no more harbor an inveterate sore.

OEDIPUS

What expiation means he? What's amiss?

CREON

Banishment, or the shedding blood for blood.  
This stain of blood makes shipwreck of our state.

OEDIPUS

Whom can he mean, the miscreant thus denounced?

CREON

Before thou didst assume the helm of State,  
The sovereign of this land was Laius.

OEDIPUS

I heard as much, but never saw the man.

CREON

He fell; and now the god's command is plain:  
Punish his takers-off, whoe'er they be.

OEDIPUS

Where are they? Where in the wide world to find  
The far, faint traces of a bygone crime?

CREON

In this land, said the god; “who seeks shall find;  
Who sits with folded hands or sleeps is blind.”

OEDIPUS

Was he within his palace, or afield,  
Or traveling, when Laius met his fate?

CREON

Abroad; he started, so he told us, bound  
For Delphi, but he never thence returned.

OEDIPUS

Came there no news, no fellow-traveler  
To give some clue that might be followed up?

CREON

But one escape, who flying for dear life,  
Could tell of all he saw but one thing sure.

OEDIPUS

And what was that? One clue might lead us far,  
With but a spark of hope to guide our quest.

CREON

Robbers, he told us, not one bandit but  
A troop of knaves, attacked and murdered him.

OEDIPUS

Did any bandit dare so bold a stroke,  
Unless indeed he were suborned from Thebes?

CREON

So 'twas surmised, but none was found to avenge  
His murder mid the trouble that ensued.

OEDIPUS

What trouble can have hindered a full quest,  
When royalty had fallen thus miserably?

CREON

The riddling Sphinx compelled us to let slide  
The dim past and attend to instant needs.

OEDIPUS

Well, I will start afresh and once again  
Make dark things clear. Right worthy the concern  
Of Phoebus, worthy thine too, for the dead;  
I also, as is meet, will lend my aid  
To avenge this wrong to Thebes and to the god.  
Not for some far-off kinsman, but myself,  
Shall I expel this poison in the blood;  
For whoso slew that king might have a mind  
To strike me too with his assassin hand.  
Therefore in righting him I serve myself.  
Up, children, haste ye, quit these altar stairs,  
Take hence your suppliant wands, go summon hither  
The Theban commons. With the god's good help  
Success is sure; 'tis ruin if we fail.

[Exeunt OEDIPUS and CREON]

PRIEST

Come, children, let us hence; these gracious words  
Forestall the very purpose of our suit.  
And may the god who sent this oracle  
Save us withal and rid us of this pest.

[Exeunt PRIEST and SUPPLIANTS]

CHORUS

(Str. 1)

Sweet-voiced daughter of Zeus from thy gold-paved Pythian shrine  
Wafted to Thebes divine,  
What dost thou bring me? My soul is racked and shivers with fear.  
(Healer of Delos, hear!)

Hast thou some pain unknown before,  
Or with the circling years renewest a penance of yore?  
Offspring of golden Hope, thou voice immortal, O tell me.

(Ant. 1)

First on Athene I call; O Zeus-born goddess, defend!  
Goddess and sister, befriend,  
Artemis, Lady of Thebes, high-throned in the midst of our mart!

Lord of the death-winged dart!  
Your threefold aid I crave  
From death and ruin our city to save.  
If in the days of old when we nigh had perished, ye drave  
From our land the fiery plague, be near us now and defend us!

(Str. 2)

Ah me, what countless woes are mine!  
All our host is in decline;  
Weaponless my spirit lies.  
Earth her gracious fruits denies;  
Women wail in barren throes;  
Life on life downstricken goes,  
Swifter than the wind bird's flight,  
Swifter than the Fire-God's might,  
To the westering shores of Night.

(Ant. 2)

Wasted thus by death on death  
All our city perisheth.  
Corpses spread infection round;  
None to tend or mourn is found.  
Wailing on the altar stair  
Wives and grandams rend the air—  
Long-drawn moans and piercing cries  
Blent with prayers and litanies.  
Golden child of Zeus, O hear  
Let thine angel face appear!

(Str. 3)

And grant that Ares whose hot breath I feel,  
Though without targe or steel  
He stalks, whose voice is as the battle shout,  
May turn in sudden rout,  
To the unharbored Thracian waters sped,  
Or Amphitrite's bed.  
For what night leaves undone,  
Smit by the morrow's sun

Perisheth. Father Zeus, whose hand  
Doth wield the lightning brand,  
Slay him beneath thy levin bold, we pray,  
Slay him, O slay!

(Ant. 3)

O that thine arrows too, Lycean King,  
From that taut bow's gold string,  
Might fly abroad, the champions of our rights;  
Yea, and the flashing lights  
Of Artemis, wherewith the huntress sweeps  
Across the Lycian steeps.  
Thee too I call with golden-snooded hair,  
Whose name our land doth bear,  
Bacchus to whom thy Maenads Evox shout;  
Come with thy bright torch, rout,  
Blithe god whom we adore,  
The god whom gods abhor.

[Enter OEDIPUS.]

OEDIPUS

Ye pray; 'tis well, but would ye hear my words  
And heed them and apply the remedy,  
Ye might perchance find comfort and relief.  
Mind you, I speak as one who comes a stranger  
To this report, no less than to the crime;  
For how unaided could I track it far  
Without a clue? Which lacking (for too late  
Was I enrolled a citizen of Thebes)  
This proclamation I address to all:—  
Thebans, if any knows the man by whom  
Laius, son of Labdacus, was slain,  
I summon him to make clean shrift to me.  
And if he shrinks, let him reflect that thus  
Confessing he shall 'scape the capital charge;  
For the worst penalty that shall befall him  
Is banishment—unscathed he shall depart.

But if an alien from a foreign land  
Be known to any as the murderer,  
Let him who knows speak out, and he shall have  
Due recompense from me and thanks to boot.  
But if ye still keep silence, if through fear  
For self or friends ye disregard my hest,  
Hear what I then resolve; I lay my ban  
On the assassin whosoe'er he be.  
Let no man in this land, whereof I hold  
The sovereign rule, harbor or speak to him;  
Give him no part in prayer or sacrifice  
Or lustral rites, but hound him from your homes.  
For this is our defilement, so the god  
Hath lately shown to me by oracles.  
Thus as their champion I maintain the cause  
Both of the god and of the murdered King.  
And on the murderer this curse I lay  
(On him and all the partners in his guilt):—  
Wretch, may he pine in utter wretchedness!  
And for myself, if with my privity  
He gain admittance to my hearth, I pray  
The curse I laid on others fall on me.  
See that ye give effect to all my hest,  
For my sake and the god's and for our land,  
A desert blasted by the wrath of heaven.  
For, let alone the god's express command,  
It were a scandal ye should leave unpurged  
The murder of a great man and your king,  
Nor track it home. And now that I am lord,  
Successor to his throne, his bed, his wife,  
(And had he not been frustrate in the hope  
Of issue, common children of one womb  
Had forced a closer bond twixt him and me,  
But Fate swooped down upon him), therefore I  
His blood-avenger will maintain his cause

As though he were my sire, and leave no stone  
Unturned to track the assassin or avenge  
The son of Labdacus, of Polydore,  
Of Cadmus, and Agenor first of the race.  
And for the disobedient thus I pray:  
May the gods send them neither timely fruits  
Of earth, nor teeming increase of the womb,  
But may they waste and pine, as now they waste,  
Aye and worse stricken; but to all of you,  
My loyal subjects who approve my acts,  
May Justice, our ally, and all the gods  
Be gracious and attend you evermore.

CHORUS

The oath thou profferest, sire, I take and swear.  
I slew him not myself, nor can I name  
The slayer. For the quest, 'twere well, methinks  
That Phoebus, who proposed the riddle, himself  
Should give the answer—who the murderer was.

OEDIPUS

Well argued; but no living man can hope  
To force the gods to speak against their will.

CHORUS

May I then say what seems next best to me?

OEDIPUS

Aye, if there be a third best, tell it too.

CHORUS

My liege, if any man sees eye to eye  
With our lord Phoebus, 'tis our prophet, lord  
Teiresias; he of all men best might guide  
A searcher of this matter to the light.

OEDIPUS

Here too my zeal has nothing lagged, for twice  
At Creon's instance have I sent to fetch him,  
And long I marvel why he is not here.

CHORUS

I mind me too of rumors long ago—  
Mere gossip.  
OEDIPUS  
Tell them, I would fain know all.  
CHORUS  
'Twas said he fell by travelers.  
OEDIPUS  
So I heard,  
But none has seen the man who saw him fall.

CHORUS  
Well, if he knows what fear is, he will quail  
And flee before the terror of thy curse.

OEDIPUS  
Words scare not him who blenches not at deeds.  
CHORUS

But here is one to arraign him. Lo, at length  
They bring the god-inspired seer in whom  
Above all other men is truth inborn.

[Enter TEIRESIAS, led by a boy.]

OEDIPUS  
Teiresias, seer who comprehendest all,  
Lore of the wise and hidden mysteries,  
High things of heaven and low things of the earth,  
Thou knowest, though thy blinded eyes see naught,  
What plague infects our city; and we turn  
To thee, O seer, our one defense and shield.  
The purport of the answer that the God  
Returned to us who sought his oracle,  
The messengers have doubtless told thee—how  
One course alone could rid us of the pest,  
To find the murderers of Laius,  
And slay them or expel them from the land.  
Therefore begrudging neither augury  
Nor other divination that is thine,  
O save thyself, thy country, and thy king,

Save all from this defilement of blood shed.  
On thee we rest. This is man's highest end,  
To others' service all his powers to lend.

TEIRESIAS

Alas, alas, what misery to be wise  
When wisdom profits nothing! This old lore  
I had forgotten; else I were not here.

OEDIPUS

What ails thee? Why this melancholy mood?

TEIRESIAS

Let me go home; prevent me not; 'twere best  
That thou shouldst bear thy burden and I mine.

OEDIPUS

For shame! no true-born Theban patriot  
Would thus withhold the word of prophecy.

TEIRESIAS

Thy words, O king, are wide of the mark, and I  
For fear lest I too trip like thee...

OEDIPUS

Oh speak,  
Withhold not, I adjure thee, if thou know'st,  
Thy knowledge. We are all thy suppliants.

TEIRESIAS

Aye, for ye all are witless, but my voice  
Will ne'er reveal my miseries—or thine.

OEDIPUS

What then, thou knowest, and yet wiltst not speak!  
Wouldst thou betray us and destroy the State?

TEIRESIAS

I will not vex myself nor thee. Why ask  
Thus idly what from me thou shalt not learn?

OEDIPUS

Monster! thy silence would incense a flint.  
Will nothing loose thy tongue? Can nothing melt thee,  
Or shake thy dogged taciturnity?

TEIRESIAS

Thou blam'st my mood and seest not thine own  
Wherewith thou art mated; no, thou taxest me.

OEDIPUS

And who could stay his choler when he heard  
How insolently thou dost flout the State?

TEIRESIAS

Well, it will come what will, though I be mute.

OEDIPUS

Since come it must, thy duty is to tell me.

TEIRESIAS

I have no more to say; storm as thou wilt,  
And give the rein to all thy pent-up rage.

OEDIPUS

Yea, I am wroth, and will not stint my words,  
But speak my whole mind. Thou methinks thou art he,  
Who planned the crime, aye, and performed it too,  
All save the assassination; and if thou  
Hadst not been blind, I had been sworn to boot  
That thou alone didst do the bloody deed.

TEIRESIAS

Is it so? Then I charge thee to abide  
By thine own proclamation; from this day  
Speak not to these or me. Thou art the man,  
Thou the accursed polluter of this land.

OEDIPUS

Vile slanderer, thou blurtest forth these taunts,  
And think'st forsooth as seer to go scot free.

TEIRESIAS

Yea, I am free, strong in the strength of truth.

OEDIPUS

Who was thy teacher? not methinks thy art.

TEIRESIAS

Thou, goading me against my will to speak.

OEDIPUS

What speech? repeat it and resolve my doubt.  
TEIRESIAS  
Didst miss my sense wouldst thou goad me on?  
OEDIPUS  
I but half caught thy meaning; say it again.  
TEIRESIAS  
I say thou art the murderer of the man  
Whose murderer thou pursuest.  
OEDIPUS  
Thou shalt rue it  
Twice to repeat so gross a calumny.  
TEIRESIAS  
Must I say more to aggravate thy rage?  
OEDIPUS  
Say all thou wilt; it will be but waste of breath.  
TEIRESIAS  
I say thou livest with thy nearest kin  
In infamy, unwitting in thy shame.  
OEDIPUS  
Think'st thou for aye unscathed to wag thy tongue?  
TEIRESIAS  
Yea, if the might of truth can aught prevail.  
OEDIPUS  
With other men, but not with thee, for thou  
In ear, wit, eye, in everything art blind.  
TEIRESIAS  
Poor fool to utter gibes at me which all  
Here present will cast back on thee ere long.  
OEDIPUS  
Offspring of endless Night, thou hast no power  
O'er me or any man who sees the sun.  
TEIRESIAS  
No, for thy weird is not to fall by me.  
I leave to Apollo what concerns the god.  
OEDIPUS

Is this a plot of Creon, or thine own?

TEIRESIAS

Not Creon, thou thyself art thine own bane.

OEDIPUS

O wealth and empery and skill by skill  
Outwitted in the battlefield of life,  
What spite and envy follow in your train!  
See, for this crown the State conferred on me.  
A gift, a thing I sought not, for this crown  
The trusty Creon, my familiar friend,  
Hath lain in wait to oust me and suborned  
This mountebank, this juggling charlatan,  
This tricky beggar-priest, for gain alone  
Keen-eyed, but in his proper art stone-blind.  
Say, sirrah, hast thou ever proved thyself  
A prophet? When the riddling Sphinx was here  
Why hadst thou no deliverance for this folk?  
And yet the riddle was not to be solved  
By guess-work but required the prophet's art;  
Wherein thou wast found lacking; neither birds  
Nor sign from heaven helped thee, but I came,  
The simple Oedipus; I stopped her mouth  
By mother wit, untaught of auguries.  
This is the man whom thou wouldst undermine,  
In hope to reign with Creon in my stead.  
Methinks that thou and thine abettor soon  
Will rue your plot to drive the scapegoat out.  
Thank thy grey hairs that thou hast still to learn  
What chastisement such arrogance deserves.

CHORUS

To us it seems that both the seer and thou,  
O Oedipus, have spoken angry words.  
This is no time to wrangle but consult  
How best we may fulfill the oracle.

TEIRESIAS

King as thou art, free speech at least is mine  
To make reply; in this I am thy peer.  
I own no lord but Loxias; him I serve  
And ne'er can stand enrolled as Creon's man.  
Thus then I answer: since thou hast not spared  
To twit me with my blindness—thou hast eyes,  
Yet see'st not in what misery thou art fallen,  
Nor where thou dwellest nor with whom for mate.  
Dost know thy lineage? Nay, thou know'st it not,  
And all unwitting art a double foe  
To thine own kin, the living and the dead;  
Aye and the dogging curse of mother and sire  
One day shall drive thee, like a two-edged sword,  
Beyond our borders, and the eyes that now  
See clear shall henceforward endless night.  
Ah whither shall thy bitter cry not reach,  
What crag in all Cithaeron but shall then  
Reverberate thy wail, when thou hast found  
With what a hymeneal thou wast borne  
Home, but to no fair haven, on the gale!  
Aye, and a flood of ills thou guessest not  
Shall set thyself and children in one line.  
Flout then both Creon and my words, for none  
Of mortals shall be stricken worse than thou.

OEDIPUS

Must I endure this fellow's insolence?  
A murrain on thee! Get thee hence! Begone  
Avaunt! and never cross my threshold more.

TEIRESIAS

I ne'er had come hadst thou not bidden me.

OEDIPUS

I know not thou wouldst utter folly, else  
Long hadst thou waited to be summoned here.

TEIRESIAS

Such am I—as it seems to thee a fool,  
But to the parents who begat thee, wise.

OEDIPUS

What sayest thou—”parents”? Who begat me, speak?

TEIRESIAS

This day shall be thy birth-day, and thy grave.

OEDIPUS

Thou lov’st to speak in riddles and dark words.

TEIRESIAS

In reading riddles who so skilled as thou?

OEDIPUS

Twit me with that wherein my greatness lies.

TEIRESIAS

And yet this very greatness proved thy bane.

OEDIPUS

No matter if I saved the commonwealth.

TEIRESIAS

’Tis time I left thee. Come, boy, take me home.

OEDIPUS

Aye, take him quickly, for his presence irks  
And lets me; gone, thou canst not plague me more.

TEIRESIAS

I go, but first will tell thee why I came.  
Thy frown I dread not, for thou canst not harm me.  
Hear then: this man whom thou hast sought to arrest  
With threats and warrants this long while, the wretch  
Who murdered Laius—that man is here.  
He passes for an alien in the land  
But soon shall prove a Theban, native born.  
And yet his fortune brings him little joy;  
For blind of seeing, clad in beggar’s weeds,  
For purple robes, and leaning on his staff,  
To a strange land he soon shall grope his way.  
And of the children, inmates of his home,  
He shall be proved the brother and the sire,

Of her who bare him son and husband both,  
Co-partner, and assassin of his sire.  
Go in and ponder this, and if thou find  
That I have missed the mark, henceforth declare  
I have no wit nor skill in prophecy.  
[Exeunt TEIRESIAS and OEDIPUS]

CHORUS

(Str. 1)

Who is he by voice immortal named from Pythia's rocky cell,  
Doer of foul deeds of bloodshed, horrors that no tongue can tell?  
A foot for flight he needs  
Fleeter than storm-swift steeds,  
For on his heels doth follow,  
Armed with the lightnings of his Sire, Apollo.  
Like sleuth-hounds too  
The Fates pursue.

(Ant. 1)

Yea, but now flashed forth the summons from Parnassus' snowy  
peak,  
"Near and far the undiscovered doer of this murder seek!"  
Now like a sullen bull he roves  
Through forest brakes and upland groves,  
And vainly seeks to fly  
The doom that ever nigh  
Flits o'er his head,  
Still by the avenging Phoebus sped,  
The voice divine,  
From Earth's mid shrine.

(Str. 2)

Sore perplexed am I by the words of the master seer.  
Are they true, are they false? I know not and bridle my tongue for  
fear,  
Fluttered with vague surmise; nor present nor future is clear.  
Quarrel of ancient date or in days still near know I none  
Twixt the Labdacidan house and our ruler, Polybus' son.

Proof is there none: how then can I challenge our King's good name,  
How in a blood-feud join for an untracked deed of shame?

(Ant. 2)

All wise are Zeus and Apollo, and nothing is hid from their ken;  
They are gods; and in wits a man may surpass his fellow men;  
But that a mortal seer knows more than I know—where  
Hath this been proven? Or how without sign assured, can I blame  
Him who saved our State when the winged songstress came,  
Tested and tried in the light of us all, like gold assayed?  
How can I now assent when a crime is on Oedipus laid?

CREON

Friends, countrymen, I learn King Oedipus  
Hath laid against me a most grievous charge,  
And come to you protesting. If he deems  
That I have harmed or injured him in aught  
By word or deed in this our present trouble,  
I care not to prolong the span of life,  
Thus ill-reputed; for the calumny  
Hits not a single blot, but blasts my name,  
If by the general voice I am denounced  
False to the State and false by you my friends.

CHORUS

This taunt, it well may be, was blurted out  
In petulance, not spoken advisedly.

CREON

Did any dare pretend that it was I  
Prompted the seer to utter a forged charge?

CHORUS

Such things were said; with what intent I know not.

CREON

Were not his wits and vision all astray  
When upon me he fixed this monstrous charge?

CHORUS

I know not; to my sovereign's acts I am blind.

But lo, he comes to answer for himself.

[Enter OEDIPUS.]

OEDIPUS

Sirrah, what mak'st thou here? Dost thou presume  
To approach my doors, thou brazen-faced rogue,  
My murderer and the filcher of my crown?  
Come, answer this, didst thou detect in me  
Some touch of cowardice or witlessness,  
That made thee undertake this enterprise?  
I seemed forsooth too simple to perceive  
The serpent stealing on me in the dark,  
Or else too weak to scotch it when I saw.  
This *thou* art witless seeking to possess  
Without a following or friends the crown,  
A prize that followers and wealth must win.

CREON

Attend me. Thou hast spoken, 'tis my turn  
To make reply. Then having heard me, judge.

OEDIPUS

Thou art glib of tongue, but I am slow to learn  
Of thee; I know too well thy venomous hate.

CREON

First I would argue out this very point.

OEDIPUS

O argue not that thou art not a rogue.

CREON

If thou dost count a virtue stubbornness,  
Unschool'd by reason, thou art much astray.

OEDIPUS

If thou dost hold a kinsman may be wronged,  
And no pains follow, thou art much to seek.

CREON

Therein thou judgest rightly, but this wrong  
That thou allegest—tell me what it is.

OEDIPUS

Didst thou or didst thou not advise that I  
Should call the priest?

CREON

Yes, and I stand to it.

OEDIPUS

Tell me how long is it since Laius...

CREON

Since Laius...? I follow not thy drift.

OEDIPUS

By violent hands was spirited away.

CREON

In the dim past, a many years ago.

OEDIPUS

Did the same prophet then pursue his craft?

CREON

Yes, skilled as now and in no less repute.

OEDIPUS

Did he at that time ever glance at me?

CREON

Not to my knowledge, not when I was by.

OEDIPUS

But was no search and inquisition made?

CREON

Surely full quest was made, but nothing learnt.

OEDIPUS

Why failed the seer to tell his story *then*?

CREON

I know not, and not knowing hold my tongue.

OEDIPUS

This much thou knowest and canst surely tell.

CREON

What's mean'st thou? All I know I will declare.

OEDIPUS

But for thy prompting never had the seer  
Ascribed to me the death of Laius.

CREON

If so he thou knowest best; but I  
Would put thee to the question in my turn.

OEDIPUS

Question and prove me murderer if thou canst.

CREON

Then let me ask thee, didst thou wed my sister?

OEDIPUS

A fact so plain I cannot well deny.

CREON

And as thy consort queen she shares the throne?

OEDIPUS

I grant her freely all her heart desires.

CREON

And with you twain I share the triple rule?

OEDIPUS

Yea, and it is that proves thee a false friend.

CREON

Not so, if thou wouldst reason with thyself,  
As I with myself. First, I bid thee think,  
Would any mortal choose a troubled reign  
Of terrors rather than secure repose,  
If the same power were given him? As for me,  
I have no natural craving for the name  
Of king, preferring to do kingly deeds,  
And so thinks every sober-minded man.  
Now all my needs are satisfied through thee,  
And I have naught to fear; but were I king,  
My acts would oft run counter to my will.  
How could a title then have charms for me  
Above the sweets of boundless influence?  
I am not so infatuate as to grasp  
The shadow when I hold the substance fast.  
Now all men cry me Godspeed! wish me well,  
And every suitor seeks to gain my ear,

If he would hope to win a grace from thee.  
Why should I leave the better, choose the worse?  
That were sheer madness, and I am not mad.  
No such ambition ever tempted me,  
Nor would I have a share in such intrigue.  
And if thou doubt me, first to Delphi go,  
There ascertain if my report was true  
Of the god's answer; next investigate  
If with the seer I plotted or conspired,  
And if it prove so, sentence me to death,  
Not by thy voice alone, but mine and thine.  
But O condemn me not, without appeal,  
On bare suspicion. 'Tis not right to adjudge  
Bad men at random good, or good men bad.  
I would as lief a man should cast away  
The thing he counts most precious, his own life,  
As spurn a true friend. Thou wilt learn in time  
The truth, for time alone reveals the just;  
A villain is detected in a day.

CHORUS

To one who walketh warily his words  
Commend themselves; swift counsels are not sure.

OEDIPUS

When with swift strides the stealthy plotter stalks  
I must be quick too with my counterplot.  
To wait his onset passively, for him  
Is sure success, for me assured defeat.

CREON

What then's thy will? To banish me the land?

OEDIPUS

I would not have thee banished, no, but dead,  
That men may mark the wages envy reaps.

CREON

I see thou wilt not yield, nor credit me.

OEDIPUS

[None but a fool would credit such as thou.]

CREON

Thou art not wise.

OEDIPUS

Wise for myself at least.

CREON

Why not for me too?

OEDIPUS

Why for such a knave?

CREON

Suppose thou lackest sense.

OEDIPUS

Yet kings must rule.

CREON

Not if they rule ill.

OEDIPUS

Oh my Thebans, hear him!

CREON

Thy Thebans? am not I a Theban too?

CHORUS

Cease, princes; lo there comes, and none too soon,  
Jocasta from the palace. Who so fit  
As peacemaker to reconcile your feud?

[Enter JOCASTA.]

JOCASTA

Misguided princes, why have ye upraised  
This wordy wrangle? Are ye not ashamed,  
While the whole land lies stricken, thus to voice  
Your private injuries? Go in, my lord;  
Go home, my brother, and forbear to make  
A public scandal of a petty grief.

CREON

My royal sister, Oedipus, thy lord,  
Hath bid me choose (O dread alternative!)  
An outlaw's exile or a felon's death.

OEDIPUS

Yes, lady; I have caught him practicing  
Against my royal person his vile arts.

CREON

May I ne'er speed but die accursed, if I  
In any way am guilty of this charge.

JOCASTA

Believe him, I adjure thee, Oedipus,  
First for his solemn oath's sake, then for mine,  
And for thine elders' sake who wait on thee.

CHORUS

(Str. 1)

Hearken, King, reflect, we pray thee, but not stubborn but relent.

OEDIPUS

Say to what should I consent?

CHORUS

Respect a man whose probity and troth  
Are known to all and now confirmed by oath.

OEDIPUS

Dost know what grace thou cravest?

CHORUS

Yea, I know.

OEDIPUS

Declare it then and make thy meaning plain.

CHORUS

Brand not a friend whom babbling tongues assail;  
Let not suspicion 'gainst his oath prevail.

OEDIPUS

Bethink you that in seeking this ye seek  
In very sooth my death or banishment?

CHORUS

No, by the leader of the host divine!

(Str. 2)

Witness, thou Sun, such thought was never mine,  
Unblest, unfriended may I perish,

If ever I such wish did cherish!  
But O my heart is desolate  
Musing on our stricken State,  
Doubly fall'n should discord grow  
Twixt you twain, to crown our woe.

OEDIPUS

Well, let him go, no matter what it cost me,  
Or certain death or shameful banishment,  
For your sake I relent, not his; and him,  
Where'er he be, my heart shall still abhor.

CREON

Thou art as sullen in thy yielding mood  
As in thine anger thou wast truculent.  
Such tempers justly plague themselves the most.

OEDIPUS

Leave me in peace and get thee gone.

CREON

I go,

By thee misjudged, but justified by these.

[Exeunt CREON]

CHORUS

(Ant. 1)

Lady, lead indoors thy consort; wherefore longer here delay?

JOCASTA

Tell me first how rose the fray.

CHORUS

Rumors bred unjust suspicious and injustice rankles sore.

JOCASTA

Were both at fault?

CHORUS

Both.

JOCASTA

What was the tale?

CHORUS

Ask me no more. The land is sore distressed;  
‘Twere better sleeping ills to leave at rest.

OEDIPUS

Strange counsel, friend! I know thou mean’st me well,  
And yet would’st mitigate and blunt my zeal.

CHORUS

(Ant. 2)

King, I say it once again,  
Witless were I proved, insane,  
If I lightly put away  
Thee my country’s prop and stay,  
Pilot who, in danger sought,  
To a quiet haven brought  
Our distracted State; and now  
Who can guide us right but thou?

JOCASTA

Let me too, I adjure thee, know, O king,  
What cause has stirred this unrelenting wrath.

OEDIPUS

I will, for thou art more to me than these.  
Lady, the cause is Creon and his plots.

JOCASTA

But what provoked the quarrel? make this clear.

OEDIPUS

He points me out as Laius’ murderer.

JOCASTA

Of his own knowledge or upon report?

OEDIPUS

He is too cunning to commit himself,  
And makes a mouthpiece of a knavish seer.

JOCASTA

Then thou mayest ease thy conscience on that score.  
Listen and I’ll convince thee that no man  
Hath scot or lot in the prophetic art.  
Here is the proof in brief. An oracle

Once came to Laius (I will not say  
‘Twas from the Delphic god himself, but from  
His ministers) declaring he was doomed  
To perish by the hand of his own son,  
A child that should be born to him by me.  
Now Laius—so at least report affirmed—  
Was murdered on a day by highwaymen,  
No natives, at a spot where three roads meet.  
As for the child, it was but three days old,  
When Laius, its ankles pierced and pinned  
Together, gave it to be cast away  
By others on the trackless mountain side.  
So then Apollo brought it not to pass  
The child should be his father’s murderer,  
Or the dread terror find accomplishment,  
And Laius be slain by his own son.  
Such was the prophet’s horoscope. O king,  
Regard it not. Whate’er the god deems fit  
To search, himself unaided will reveal.

OEDIPUS

What memories, what wild tumult of the soul  
Came o’er me, lady, as I heard thee speak!

JOCASTA

What mean’st thou? What has shocked and startled thee?

OEDIPUS

Methought I heard thee say that Laius  
Was murdered at the meeting of three roads.

JOCASTA

So ran the story that is current still.

OEDIPUS

Where did this happen? Dost thou know the place?

JOCASTA

Phocis the land is called; the spot is where  
Branch roads from Delphi and from Daulis meet.

OEDIPUS

And how long is it since these things befell?  
JOCASTA  
‘Twas but a brief while were thou wast proclaimed  
Our country’s ruler that the news was brought.  
OEDIPUS  
O Zeus, what hast thou willed to do with me!  
JOCASTA  
What is it, Oedipus, that moves thee so?  
OEDIPUS  
Ask me not yet; tell me the build and height  
Of Laius? Was he still in manhood’s prime?  
JOCASTA  
Tall was he, and his hair was lightly strewn  
With silver; and not unlike thee in form.  
OEDIPUS  
O woe is me! Mehtinks unwittingly  
I laid but now a dread curse on myself.  
JOCASTA  
What say’st thou? When I look upon thee, my king,  
I tremble.  
OEDIPUS  
‘Tis a dread presentiment  
That in the end the seer will prove not blind.  
One further question to resolve my doubt.  
JOCASTA  
I quail; but ask, and I will answer all.  
OEDIPUS  
Had he but few attendants or a train  
Of armed retainers with him, like a prince?  
JOCASTA  
They were but five in all, and one of them  
A herald; Laius in a mule-car rode.  
OEDIPUS  
Alas! ’tis clear as noontday now. But say,  
Lady, who carried this report to Thebes?

JOCASTA

A serf, the sole survivor who returned.

OEDIPUS

Haply he is at hand or in the house?

JOCASTA

No, for as soon as he returned and found  
Thee reigning in the stead of Laius slain,  
He clasped my hand and supplicated me  
To send him to the alps and pastures, where  
He might be farthest from the sight of Thebes.  
And so I sent him. 'Twas an honest slave  
And well deserved some better recompense.

OEDIPUS

Fetch him at once. I fain would see the man.

JOCASTA

He shall be brought; but wherefore summon him?

OEDIPUS

Lady, I fear my tongue has overrun  
Discretion; therefore I would question him.

JOCASTA

Well, he shall come, but may not I too claim  
To share the burden of thy heart, my king?

OEDIPUS

And thou shalt not be frustrate of thy wish.  
Now my imaginings have gone so far.  
Who has a higher claim that thou to hear  
My tale of dire adventures? Listen then.  
My sire was Polybus of Corinth, and  
My mother Merope, a Dorian;  
And I was held the foremost citizen,  
Till a strange thing befell me, strange indeed,  
Yet scarce deserving all the heat it stirred.  
A roisterer at some banquet, flown with wine,  
Shouted "Thou art not true son of thy sire."  
It irked me, but I stomached for the nonce

The insult; on the morrow I sought out  
My mother and my sire and questioned them.  
They were indignant at the random slur  
Cast on my parentage and did their best  
To comfort me, but still the venom'd barb  
Rankled, for still the scandal spread and grew.  
So privily without their leave I went  
To Delphi, and Apollo sent me back  
Baulked of the knowledge that I came to seek.  
But other grievous things he prophesied,  
Woes, lamentations, mourning, portents dire;  
To wit I should defile my mother's bed  
And raise up seed too loathsome to behold,  
And slay the father from whose loins I sprang.  
Then, lady,—thou shalt hear the very truth—  
As I drew near the triple-branching roads,  
A herald met me and a man who sat  
In a car drawn by colts—as in thy tale—  
The man in front and the old man himself  
Threatened to thrust me rudely from the path,  
Then jostled by the charioteer in wrath  
I struck him, and the old man, seeing this,  
Watched till I passed and from his car brought down  
Full on my head the double-pointed goad.  
Yet was I quits with him and more; one stroke  
Of my good staff sufficed to fling him clean  
Out of the chariot seat and laid him prone.  
And so I slew them every one. But if  
Betwixt this stranger there was aught in common  
With Laius, who more miserable than I,  
What mortal could you find more god-aborred?  
Wretch whom no sojourner, no citizen  
May harbor or address, whom all are bound  
To harry from their homes. And this same curse  
Was laid on me, and laid by none but me.

Yea with these hands all gory I pollute  
The bed of him I slew. Say, am I vile?  
Am I not utterly unclean, a wretch  
Doomed to be banished, and in banishment  
Forgo the sight of all my dearest ones,  
And never tread again my native earth;  
Or else to wed my mother and slay my sire,  
Polybus, who begat me and upreared?  
If one should say, this is the handiwork  
Of some inhuman power, who could blame  
His judgment? But, ye pure and awful gods,  
Forbid, forbid that I should see that day!  
May I be blotted out from living men  
Ere such a plague spot set on me its brand!

CHORUS

We too, O king, are troubled; but till thou  
Hast questioned the survivor, still hope on.

OEDIPUS

My hope is faint, but still enough survives  
To bid me bide the coming of this herd.

JOCASTA

Suppose him here, what wouldst thou learn of him?

OEDIPUS

I'll tell thee, lady; if his tale agrees  
With thine, I shall have 'scaped calamity.

JOCASTA

And what of special import did I say?

OEDIPUS

In thy report of what the herdsman said  
Laius was slain by robbers; now if he  
Still speaks of robbers, not a robber, I  
Slew him not; "one" with "many" cannot square.  
But if he says one lonely wayfarer,  
The last link wanting to my guilt is forged.

JOCASTA

Well, rest assured, his tale ran thus at first,  
Nor can he now retract what then he said;  
Not I alone but all our townfolk heard it.  
E'en should he vary somewhat in his story,  
He cannot make the death of Laius  
In any wise jump with the oracle.  
For Loxias said expressly he was doomed  
To die by my child's hand, but he, poor babe,  
He shed no blood, but perished first himself.  
So much for divination. Henceforth I  
Will look for signs neither to right nor left.

OEDIPUS

Thou reasonest well. Still I would have thee send  
And fetch the bondsman hither. See to it.

JOCASTA

That will I straightway. Come, let us within.  
I would do nothing that my lord mislikes.  
[Exeunt OEDIPUS and JOCASTA]

CHORUS

(Str. 1)

My lot be still to lead  
The life of innocence and fly  
Irreverence in word or deed,  
To follow still those laws ordained on high  
Whose birthplace is the bright ethereal sky  
No mortal birth they own,  
Olympus their progenitor alone:  
Ne'er shall they slumber in oblivion cold,  
The god in them is strong and grows not old.

(Ant. 1)

Of insolence is bred  
The tyrant; insolence full blown,  
With empty riches surfeited,  
Scales the precipitous height and grasps the throne.  
Then topples o'er and lies in ruin prone;

No foothold on that dizzy steep.  
But O may Heaven the true patriot keep  
Who burns with emulous zeal to serve the State.  
God is my help and hope, on him I wait.

(Str. 2)

But the proud sinner, or in word or deed,  
That will not Justice heed,  
Nor reverence the shrine  
Of images divine,  
Perdition seize his vain imaginings,  
If, urged by greed profane,  
He grasps at ill-got gain,  
And lays an impious hand on holiest things.  
Who when such deeds are done  
Can hope heaven's bolts to shun?  
If sin like this to honor can aspire,  
Why dance I still and lead the sacred choir?

(Ant. 2)

No more I'll seek earth's central oracle,  
Or Abae's hallowed cell,  
Nor to Olympia bring  
My votive offering.  
If before all God's truth be not bade plain.  
O Zeus, reveal thy might,  
King, if thou'rt named aright  
Omnipotent, all-seeing, as of old;  
For Laius is forgot;  
His weird, men heed it not;  
Apollo is forsook and faith grows cold.  
[Enter JOCASTA.]

JOCASTA

My lords, ye look amazed to see your queen  
With wreaths and gifts of incense in her hands.  
I had a mind to visit the high shrines,  
For Oedipus is overwrought, alarmed

With terrors manifold. He will not use  
His past experience, like a man of sense,  
To judge the present need, but lends an ear  
To any croaker if he augurs ill.  
Since then my counsels naught avail, I turn  
To thee, our present help in time of trouble,  
Apollo, Lord Lycean, and to thee  
My prayers and supplications here I bring.  
Lighten us, lord, and cleanse us from this curse!  
For now we all are cowed like mariners  
Who see their helmsman dumbstruck in the storm.  
[Enter Corinthian MESSENGER.]

MESSENGER

My masters, tell me where the palace is  
Of Oedipus; or better, where's the king.

CHORUS

Here is the palace and he bides within;  
This is his queen the mother of his children.

MESSENGER

All happiness attend her and the house,  
Blessed is her husband and her marriage-bed.

JOCASTA

My greetings to thee, stranger; thy fair words  
Deserve a like response. But tell me why  
Thou comest—what thy need or what thy news.

MESSENGER

Good for thy consort and the royal house.

JOCASTA

What may it be? Whose messenger art thou?

MESSENGER

The Isthmian commons have resolved to make  
Thy husband king—so 'twas reported there.

JOCASTA

What! is not aged Polybus still king?

MESSENGER

No, verily; he's dead and in his grave.

JOCASTA

What! is he dead, the sire of Oedipus?

MESSENGER

If I speak falsely, may I die myself.

JOCASTA

Quick, maiden, bear these tidings to my lord.

Ye god-sent oracles, where stand ye now!

This is the man whom Oedipus long shunned,

In dread to prove his murderer; and now

He dies in nature's course, not by his hand.

[Enter OEDIPUS.]

OEDIPUS

My wife, my queen, Jocasta, why hast thou  
Summoned me from my palace?

JOCASTA

Hear this man,

And as thou hearest judge what has become

Of all those awe-inspiring oracles.

OEDIPUS

Who is this man, and what his news for me?

JOCASTA

He comes from Corinth and his message this:

Thy father Polybus hath passed away.

OEDIPUS

What? let me have it, stranger, from thy mouth.

MESSENGER

If I must first make plain beyond a doubt

My message, know that Polybus is dead.

OEDIPUS

By treachery, or by sickness visited?

MESSENGER

One touch will send an old man to his rest.

OEDIPUS

So of some malady he died, poor man.

MESSENGER

Yes, having measured the full span of years.

OEDIPUS

Out on it, lady! why should one regard  
The Pythian hearth or birds that scream i' the air?  
Did they not point at me as doomed to slay  
My father? but he's dead and in his grave  
And here am I who ne'er unsheathed a sword;  
Unless the longing for his absent son  
Killed him and so I slew him in a sense.  
But, as they stand, the oracles are dead—  
Dust, ashes, nothing, dead as Polybus.

JOCASTA

Say, did not I foretell this long ago?

OEDIPUS

Thou didst: but I was misled by my fear.

JOCASTA

Then let I no more weigh upon thy soul.

OEDIPUS

Must I not fear my mother's marriage bed.

JOCASTA

Why should a mortal man, the sport of chance,  
With no assured foreknowledge, be afraid?  
Best live a careless life from hand to mouth.  
This wedlock with thy mother fear not thou.  
How oft it chances that in dreams a man  
Has wed his mother! He who least regards  
Such brainsick phantasies lives most at ease.

OEDIPUS

I should have shared in full thy confidence,  
Were not my mother living; since she lives  
Though half convinced I still must live in dread.

JOCASTA

And yet thy sire's death lights out darkness much.

OEDIPUS

Much, but my fear is touching her who lives.

MESSENGER

Who may this woman be whom thus you fear?

OEDIPUS

Merope, stranger, wife of Polybus.

MESSENGER

And what of her can cause you any fear?

OEDIPUS

A heaven-sent oracle of dread import.

MESSENGER

A mystery, or may a stranger hear it?

OEDIPUS

Aye, 'tis no secret. Loxias once foretold

That I should mate with mine own mother, and shed

With my own hands the blood of my own sire.

Hence Corinth was for many a year to me

A home distant; and I trove abroad,

But missed the sweetest sight, my parents' face.

MESSENGER

Was this the fear that exiled thee from home?

OEDIPUS

Yea, and the dread of slaying my own sire.

MESSENGER

Why, since I came to give thee pleasure, King,

Have I not rid thee of this second fear?

OEDIPUS

Well, thou shalt have due guerdon for thy pains.

MESSENGER

Well, I confess what chiefly made me come

Was hope to profit by thy coming home.

OEDIPUS

Nay, I will ne'er go near my parents more.

MESSENGER

My son, 'tis plain, thou know'st not what thou doest.

OEDIPUS

How so, old man? For heaven's sake tell me all.

MESSENGER

If this is why thou darest to return.

OEDIPUS

Yea, lest the god's word be fulfilled in me.

MESSENGER

Lest through thy parents thou shouldst be accursed?

OEDIPUS

This and none other is my constant dread.

MESSENGER

Dost thou not know thy fears are baseless all?

OEDIPUS

How baseless, if I am their very son?

MESSENGER

Since Polybus was naught to thee in blood.

OEDIPUS

What say'st thou? was not Polybus my sire?

MESSENGER

As much thy sire as I am, and no more.

OEDIPUS

My sire no more to me than one who is naught?

MESSENGER

Since I begat thee not, no more did he.

OEDIPUS

What reason had he then to call me son?

MESSENGER

Know that he took thee from my hands, a gift.

OEDIPUS

Yet, if no child of his, he loved me well.

MESSENGER

A childless man till then, he warmed to thee.

OEDIPUS

A foundling or a purchased slave, this child?

MESSENGER

I found thee in Cithaeron's wooded glens.

OEDIPUS

What led thee to explore those upland glades?

MESSENGER

My business was to tend the mountain flocks.

OEDIPUS

A vagrant shepherd journeying for hire?

MESSENGER

True, but thy savior in that hour, my son.

OEDIPUS

My savior? from what harm? what ailed me then?

MESSENGER

Those ankle joints are evidence enow.

OEDIPUS

Ah, why remind me of that ancient sore?

MESSENGER

I loosed the pin that riveted thy feet.

OEDIPUS

Yes, from my cradle that dread brand I bore.

MESSENGER

Whence thou deriv'st the name that still is thine.

OEDIPUS

Who did it? I adjure thee, tell me who

Say, was it father, mother?

MESSENGER

I know not.

The man from whom I had thee may know more.

OEDIPUS

What, did another find me, not thyself?

MESSENGER

Not I; another shepherd gave thee me.

OEDIPUS

Who was he? Would'st thou know again the man?

MESSENGER

He passed indeed for one of Laius' house.

OEDIPUS

The king who ruled the country long ago?

MESSENGER

The same: he was a herdsman of the king.

OEDIPUS

And is he living still for me to see him?

MESSENGER

His fellow-countrymen should best know that.

OEDIPUS

Doth any bystander among you know

The herd he speaks of, or by seeing him

Afield or in the city? answer straight!

The hour hath come to clear this business up.

CHORUS

Methinks he means none other than the hind

Whom thou anon wert fain to see; but that

Our queen Jocasta best of all could tell.

OEDIPUS

Madam, dost know the man we sent to fetch?

Is the same of whom the stranger speaks?

JOCASTA

Who is the man? What matter? Let it be.

'Twere waste of thought to weigh such idle words.

OEDIPUS

No, with such guiding clues I cannot fail

To bring to light the secret of my birth.

JOCASTA

Oh, as thou carest for thy life, give o'er

This quest. Enough the anguish I endure.

OEDIPUS

Be of good cheer; though I be proved the son

Of a bondwoman, aye, through three descents

Triply a slave, thy honor is unsmirched.

JOCASTA

Yet humor me, I pray thee; do not this.

OEDIPUS

I cannot; I must probe this matter home.

JOCASTA

'Tis for thy sake I advise thee for the best.

OEDIPUS

I grow impatient of this best advice.

JOCASTA

Ah mayst thou ne'er discover who thou art!

OEDIPUS

Go, fetch me here the herd, and leave yon woman  
To glory in her pride of ancestry.

JOCASTA

O woe is thee, poor wretch! With that last word  
I leave thee, henceforth silent evermore.

[Exit JOCASTA]

CHORUS

Why, Oedipus, why stung with passionate grief  
Hath the queen thus departed? Much I fear  
From this dead calm will burst a storm of woes.

OEDIPUS

Let the storm burst, my fixed resolve still holds,  
To learn my lineage, be it ne'er so low.  
It may be she with all a woman's pride  
Thinks scorn of my base parentage. But I  
Who rank myself as Fortune's favorite child,  
The giver of good gifts, shall not be shamed.  
She is my mother and the changing moons  
My brethren, and with them I wax and wane.  
Thus sprung why should I fear to trace my birth?  
Nothing can make me other than I am.

CHORUS

(Str.)

If my soul prophetic err not, if my wisdom aught avail,  
Thee, Cithaeron, I shall hail,  
As the nurse and foster-mother of our Oedipus shall greet  
Ere tomorrow's full moon rises, and exalt thee as is meet.

Dance and song shall hymn thy praises, lover of our royal race.  
Phoebus, may my words find grace!

(Ant.)

Child, who bare thee, nymph or goddess? sure thy sure was more  
than man,

Haply the hill-roamer Pan.

Of did Loxias beget thee, for he haunts the upland wold;  
Or Cyllene's lord, or Bacchus, dweller on the hilltops cold?  
Did some Heliconian Oread give him thee, a new-born joy?  
Nymphs with whom he love to toy?

OEDIPUS

Elders, if I, who never yet before  
Have met the man, may make a guess, methinks  
I see the herdsman who we long have sought;  
His time-worn aspect matches with the years  
Of yonder aged messenger; besides  
I seem to recognize the men who bring him  
As servants of my own. But you, perchance,  
Having in past days known or seen the herd,  
May better by sure knowledge my surmise.

CHORUS

I recognize him; one of Laius' house;  
A simple hind, but true as any man.

[Enter HERDSMAN.]

OEDIPUS

Corinthian, stranger, I address thee first,  
Is this the man thou meanest!

MESSENGER

This is he.

OEDIPUS

And now old man, look up and answer all  
I ask thee. Wast thou once of Laius' house?

HERDSMAN

I was, a thrall, not purchased but home-bred.

OEDIPUS

What was thy business? how wast thou employed?

HERDSMAN

The best part of my life I tended sheep.

OEDIPUS

What were the pastures thou didst most frequent?

HERDSMAN

Cithaeron and the neighboring alps.

OEDIPUS

Then there

Thou must have known yon man, at least by fame?

HERDSMAN

Yon man? in what way? what man dost thou mean?

OEDIPUS

The man here, having met him in past times...

HERDSMAN

Off-hand I cannot call him well to mind.

MESSENGER

No wonder, master. But I will revive

His blunted memories. Sure he can recall

What time together both we drove our flocks,

He two, I one, on the Cithaeron range,

For three long summers; I his mate from spring

Till rose Arcturus; then in winter time

I led mine home, he his to Laius' folds.

Did these things happen as I say, or no?

HERDSMAN

'Tis long ago, but all thou say'st is true.

MESSENGER

Well, thou mast then remember giving me

A child to rear as my own foster-son?

HERDSMAN

Why dost thou ask this question? What of that?

MESSENGER

Friend, he that stands before thee was that child.

HERDSMAN

A plague upon thee! Hold thy wanton tongue!  
OEDIPUS  
Softly, old man, rebuke him not; thy words  
Are more deserving chastisement than his.  
HERDSMAN  
O best of masters, what is my offense?  
OEDIPUS  
Not answering what he asks about the child.  
HERDSMAN  
He speaks at random, babbles like a fool.  
OEDIPUS  
If thou lack'st grace to speak, I'll loose thy tongue.  
HERDSMAN  
For mercy's sake abuse not an old man.  
OEDIPUS  
Arrest the villain, seize and pinion him!  
HERDSMAN  
Alack, alack!  
What have I done? what wouldst thou further learn?  
OEDIPUS  
Didst give this man the child of whom he asks?  
HERDSMAN  
I did; and would that I had died that day!  
OEDIPUS  
And die thou shalt unless thou tell the truth.  
HERDSMAN  
But, if I tell it, I am doubly lost.  
OEDIPUS  
The knave methinks will still prevaricate.  
HERDSMAN  
Nay, I confessed I gave it long ago.  
OEDIPUS  
Whence came it? was it thine, or given to thee?  
HERDSMAN  
I had it from another, 'twas not mine.

OEDIPUS

From whom of these our townsmen, and what house?

HERDSMAN

Forbear for God's sake, master, ask no more.

OEDIPUS

If I must question thee again, thou'rt lost.

HERDSMAN

Well then—it was a child of Laius' house.

OEDIPUS

Slave-born or one of Laius' own race?

HERDSMAN

Ah me!

I stand upon the perilous edge of speech.

OEDIPUS

And I of hearing, but I still must hear.

HERDSMAN

Know then the child was by repute his own,

But she within, thy consort best could tell.

OEDIPUS

What! she, she gave it thee?

HERDSMAN

'Tis so, my king.

OEDIPUS

With what intent?

HERDSMAN

To make away with it.

OEDIPUS

What, she its mother.

HERDSMAN

Fearing a dread weird.

OEDIPUS

What weird?

HERDSMAN

'Twas told that he should slay his sire.

OEDIPUS

What didst thou give it then to this old man?

HERDSMAN

Through pity, master, for the babe. I thought  
He'd take it to the country whence he came;  
But he preserved it for the worst of woes.  
For if thou art in sooth what this man saith,  
God pity thee! thou wast to misery born.

OEDIPUS

Ah me! ah me! all brought to pass, all true!  
O light, may I behold thee nevermore!  
I stand a wretch, in birth, in wedlock cursed,  
A parricide, incestuously, triply cursed!

[Exit OEDIPUS]

CHORUS

(Str. 1)

Races of mortal man  
Whose life is but a span,  
I count ye but the shadow of a shade!  
For he who most doth know  
Of bliss, hath but the show;  
A moment, and the visions pale and fade.  
Thy fall, O Oedipus, thy piteous fall  
Warns me none born of women blest to call.

(Ant. 1)

For he of marksmen best,  
O Zeus, outshot the rest,  
And won the prize supreme of wealth and power.  
By him the vulture maid  
Was quelled, her witchery laid;  
He rose our savior and the land's strong tower.  
We hailed thee king and from that day adored  
Of mighty Thebes the universal lord.

(Str. 2)

O heavy hand of fate!  
Who now more desolate,

Whose tale more sad than thine, whose lot more dire?  
O Oedipus, discrowned head,  
Thy cradle was thy marriage bed;  
One harborage sufficed for son and sire.  
How could the soil thy father eared so long  
Endure to bear in silence such a wrong?

(Ant. 2)

All-seeing Time hath caught  
Guilt, and to justice brought  
The son and sire commingled in one bed.  
O child of Laius' ill-starred race  
Would I had ne'er beheld thy face;  
I raise for thee a dirge as o'er the dead.  
Yet, sooth to say, through thee I drew new breath,  
And now through thee I feel a second death.

[Enter SECOND MESSENGER.]

SECOND MESSENGER

Most grave and reverend senators of Thebes,  
What Deeds ye soon must hear, what sights behold  
How will ye mourn, if, true-born patriots,  
Ye reverence still the race of Labdacus!  
Not Ister nor all Phasis' flood, I ween,  
Could wash away the blood-stains from this house,  
The ills it shrouds or soon will bring to light,  
Ills wrought of malice, not unwittingly.  
The worst to bear are self-inflicted wounds.

CHORUS

Grievous enough for all our tears and groans  
Our past calamities; what canst thou add?

SECOND MESSENGER

My tale is quickly told and quickly heard.  
Our sovereign lady queen Jocasta's dead.

CHORUS

Alas, poor queen! how came she by her death?

SECOND MESSENGER

By her own hand. And all the horror of it,  
Not having seen, yet cannot comprehend.  
Nathless, as far as my poor memory serves,  
I will relate the unhappy lady's woe.  
When in her frenzy she had passed inside  
The vestibule, she hurried straight to win  
The bridal-chamber, clutching at her hair  
With both her hands, and, once within the room,  
She shut the doors behind her with a crash.  
"Laius," she cried, and called her husband dead  
Long, long ago; her thought was of that child  
By him begot, the son by whom the sire  
Was murdered and the mother left to breed  
With her own seed, a monstrous progeny.  
Then she bewailed the marriage bed whereon  
Poor wretch, she had conceived a double brood,  
Husband by husband, children by her child.  
What happened after that I cannot tell,  
Nor how the end befell, for with a shriek  
Burst on us Oedipus; all eyes were fixed  
On Oedipus, as up and down he strode,  
Nor could we mark her agony to the end.  
For stalking to and fro "A sword!" he cried,  
"Where is the wife, no wife, the teeming womb  
That bore a double harvest, me and mine?"  
And in his frenzy some supernal power  
(No mortal, surely, none of us who watched him)  
Guided his footsteps; with a terrible shriek,  
As though one beckoned him, he crashed against  
The folding doors, and from their staples forced  
The wrenched bolts and hurled himself within.  
Then we beheld the woman hanging there,  
A running noose entwined about her neck.  
But when he saw her, with a maddened roar  
He loosed the cord; and when her wretched corpse

Lay stretched on earth, what followed—O 'twas dread!  
He tore the golden brooches that upheld  
Her queenly robes, upraised them high and smote  
Full on his eye-balls, uttering words like these:  
“No more shall ye behold such sights of woe,  
Deeds I have suffered and myself have wrought;  
Henceforward quenched in darkness shall ye see  
Those ye should ne'er have seen; now blind to those  
Whom, when I saw, I vainly yearned to know.”  
Such was the burden of his moan, whereto,  
Not once but oft, he struck with his hand uplift  
His eyes, and at each stroke the ensanguined orbs  
Bedewed his beard, not oozing drop by drop,  
But one black gory downpour, thick as hail.  
Such evils, issuing from the double source,  
Have whelmed them both, confounding man and wife.  
Till now the storied fortune of this house  
Was fortunate indeed; but from this day  
Woe, lamentation, ruin, death, disgrace,  
All ills that can be named, all, all are theirs.

CHORUS

But hath he still no respite from his pain?

SECOND MESSENGER

He cries, “Unbar the doors and let all Thebes  
Behold the slayer of his sire, his mother's—”  
That shameful word my lips may not repeat.  
He vows to fly self-banished from the land,  
Nor stay to bring upon his house the curse  
Himself had uttered; but he has no strength  
Nor one to guide him, and his torture's more  
Than man can suffer, as yourselves will see.  
For lo, the palace portals are unbarred,  
And soon ye shall behold a sight so sad  
That he who must abhorred would pity it.  
[Enter OEDIPUS blinded.]

CHORUS

Woeful sight! more woeful none  
These sad eyes have looked upon.  
Whence this madness? None can tell  
Who did cast on thee his spell,  
prowling all thy life around,  
Leaping with a demon bound.  
Hapless wretch! how can I brook  
On thy misery to look?  
Though to gaze on thee I yearn,  
Much to question, much to learn,  
Horror-struck away I turn.

OEDIPUS

Ah me! ah woe is me!  
Ah whither am I borne!  
How like a ghost forlorn  
My voice flits from me on the air!  
On, on the demon goads. The end, ah where?

CHORUS

An end too dread to tell, too dark to see.

OEDIPUS

(Str. 1)

Dark, dark! The horror of darkness, like a shroud,  
Wraps me and bears me on through mist and cloud.  
Ah me, ah me! What spasms athwart me shoot,  
What pangs of agonizing memory?

CHORUS

No marvel if in such a plight thou feel'st  
The double weight of past and present woes.

OEDIPUS

(Ant. 1)

Ah friend, still loyal, constant still and kind,  
Thou carest for the blind.  
I know thee near, and though bereft of eyes,  
Thy voice I recognize.

CHORUS

O doer of dread deeds, how couldst thou mar  
Thy vision thus? What demon goaded thee?

OEDIPUS

(Str. 2)

Apollo, friend, Apollo, he it was  
That brought these ills to pass;  
But the right hand that dealt the blow  
Was mine, none other. How,  
How, could I longer see when sight  
Brought no delight?

CHORUS

Alas! 'tis as thou sayest.

OEDIPUS

Say, friends, can any look or voice  
Or touch of love henceforth my heart rejoice?  
Haste, friends, no fond delay,  
Take the twice cursed away  
Far from all ken,  
The man abhorred of gods, accursed of men.

CHORUS

O thy despair well suits thy desperate case.  
Would I had never looked upon thy face!

OEDIPUS

(Ant. 2)

My curse on him whoe'er unrived  
The waif's fell fetters and my life revived!  
He meant me well, yet had he left me there,  
He had saved my friends and me a world of care.

CHORUS

I too had wished it so.

OEDIPUS

Then had I never come to shed  
My father's blood nor climbed my mother's bed;  
The monstrous offspring of a womb defiled,

Co-mate of him who gendered me, and child.  
Was ever man before afflicted thus,  
Like Oedipus.

CHORUS

I cannot say that thou hast counseled well,  
For thou wert better dead than living blind.

OEDIPUS

What's done was well done. Thou canst never shake  
My firm belief. A truce to argument.  
For, had I sight, I know not with what eyes  
I could have met my father in the shades,  
Or my poor mother, since against the twain  
I sinned, a sin no gallows could atone.  
Aye, but, ye say, the sight of children joys  
A parent's eyes. What, born as mine were born?  
No, such a sight could never bring me joy;  
Nor this fair city with its battlements,  
Its temples and the statues of its gods,  
Sights from which I, now wretchedst of all,  
Once ranked the foremost Theban in all Thebes,  
By my own sentence am cut off, condemned  
By my own proclamation 'gainst the wretch,  
The miscreant by heaven itself declared  
Unclean—and of the race of Laius.  
Thus branded as a felon by myself,  
How had I dared to look you in the face?  
Nay, had I known a way to choke the springs  
Of hearing, I had never shrunk to make  
A dungeon of this miserable frame,  
Cut off from sight and hearing; for 'tis bliss  
to bide in regions sorrow cannot reach.  
Why didst thou harbor me, Cithaeron, why  
Didst thou not take and slay me? Then I never  
Had shown to men the secret of my birth.  
O Polybus, O Corinth, O my home,

Home of my ancestors (so wast thou called)  
How fair a nursling then I seemed, how foul  
The canker that lay festering in the bud!  
Now is the blight revealed of root and fruit.  
Ye triple high-roads, and thou hidden glen,  
Coppice, and pass where meet the three-branched ways,  
Ye drank my blood, the life-blood these hands spilt,  
My father's; do ye call to mind perchance  
Those deeds of mine ye witnessed and the work  
I wrought thereafter when I came to Thebes?  
O fatal wedlock, thou didst give me birth,  
And, having borne me, sowed again my seed,  
Mingling the blood of fathers, brothers, children,  
Brides, wives and mothers, an incestuous brood,  
All horrors that are wrought beneath the sun,  
Horrors so foul to name them were unmeet.  
O, I adjure you, hide me anywhere  
Far from this land, or slay me straight, or cast me  
Down to the depths of ocean out of sight.  
Come hither, deign to touch an abject wretch;  
Draw near and fear not; I myself must bear  
The load of guilt that none but I can share.  
[Enter CREON.]

CREON

Lo, here is Creon, the one man to grant  
Thy prayer by action or advice, for he  
Is left the State's sole guardian in thy stead.

OEDIPUS

Ah me! what words to accost him can I find?  
What cause has he to trust me? In the past  
I have been proved his rancorous enemy.

CREON

Not in derision, Oedipus, I come  
Nor to upbraid thee with thy past misdeeds.  
(To BYSTANDERS)

But shame upon you! if ye feel no sense  
Of human decencies, at least revere  
The Sun whose light beholds and nurtures all.  
Leave not thus nakedly for all to gaze at  
A horror neither earth nor rain from heaven  
Nor light will suffer. Lead him straight within,  
For it is seemly that a kinsman's woes  
Be heard by kin and seen by kin alone.

OEDIPUS

O listen, since thy presence comes to me  
A shock of glad surprise—so noble thou,  
And I so vile—O grant me one small boon.  
I ask it not on my behalf, but thine.

CREON

And what the favor thou wouldst crave of me?

OEDIPUS

Forth from thy borders thrust me with all speed;  
Set me within some vasty desert where  
No mortal voice shall greet me any more.

CREON

This had I done already, but I deemed  
It first behooved me to consult the god.

OEDIPUS

His will was set forth fully—to destroy  
The parricide, the scoundrel; and I am he.

CREON

Yea, so he spake, but in our present plight  
‘Twere better to consult the god anew.

OEDIPUS

Dare ye inquire concerning such a wretch?

CREON

Yea, for thyself wouldst credit now his word.

OEDIPUS

Aye, and on thee in all humility  
I lay this charge: let her who lies within

Receive such burial as thou shalt ordain;  
Such rites 'tis thine, as brother, to perform.  
But for myself, O never let my Thebes,  
The city of my sires, be doomed to bear  
The burden of my presence while I live.  
No, let me be a dweller on the hills,  
On yonder mount Cithaeron, famed as mine,  
My tomb predestined for me by my sire  
And mother, while they lived, that I may die  
Slain as they sought to slay me, when alive.  
This much I know full surely, nor disease  
Shall end my days, nor any common chance;  
For I had ne'er been snatched from death, unless  
I was predestined to some awful doom.  
So be it. I reckon not how Fate deals with me  
But my unhappy children—for my sons  
Be not concerned, O Creon, they are men,  
And for themselves, where'er they be, can fend.  
But for my daughters twain, poor innocent maids,  
Who ever sat beside me at the board  
Sharing my viands, drinking of my cup,  
For them, I pray thee, care, and, if thou wilt,  
O might I feel their touch and make my moan.  
Hear me, O prince, my noble-hearted prince!  
Could I but blindly touch them with my hands  
I'd think they still were mine, as when I saw.  
[ANTIGONE and ISMENE are led in.]  
What say I? can it be my pretty ones  
Whose sobs I hear? Has Creon pitied me  
And sent me my two darlings? Can this be?

CREON

'Tis true; 'twas I procured thee this delight,  
Knowing the joy they were to thee of old.

OEDIPUS

God speed thee! and as meed for bringing them

May Providence deal with thee kindlier  
Than it has dealt with me! O children mine,  
Where are ye? Let me clasp you with these hands,  
A brother's hands, a father's; hands that made  
Lack-luster sockets of his once bright eyes;  
Hands of a man who blindly, recklessly,  
Became your sire by her from whom he sprang.  
Though I cannot behold you, I must weep  
In thinking of the evil days to come,  
The slights and wrongs that men will put upon you.  
Where'er ye go to feast or festival,  
No merrymaking will it prove for you,  
But oft abashed in tears ye will return.  
And when ye come to marriageable years,  
Where's the bold wooers who will jeopardize  
To take unto himself such disrepute  
As to my children's children still must cling,  
For what of infamy is lacking here?  
"Their father slew his father, sowed the seed  
Where he himself was gendered, and begat  
These maidens at the source wherefrom he sprang."  
Such are the gibes that men will cast at you.  
Who then will wed you? None, I ween, but ye  
Must pine, poor maids, in single barrenness.  
O Prince, Menoeceus' son, to thee, I turn,  
With the it rests to father them, for we  
Their natural parents, both of us, are lost.  
O leave them not to wander poor, unwed,  
Thy kin, nor let them share my low estate.  
O pity them so young, and but for thee  
All destitute. Thy hand upon it, Prince.  
To you, my children I had much to say,  
Were ye but ripe to hear. Let this suffice:  
Pray ye may find some home and live content,  
And may your lot prove happier than your sire's.

CREON

Thou hast had enough of weeping; pass within.

OEDIPUS

I must obey,

Though 'tis grievous.

CREON

Weep not, everything must have its day.

OEDIPUS

Well I go, but on conditions.

CREON

What thy terms for going, say.

OEDIPUS

Send me from the land an exile.

CREON

Ask this of the gods, not me.

OEDIPUS

But I am the gods' abhorrence.

CREON

Then they soon will grant thy plea.

OEDIPUS

Lead me hence, then, I am willing.

CREON

Come, but let thy children go.

OEDIPUS

Rob me not of these my children!

CREON

Crave not mastery in all,

For the mastery that raised thee was thy bane and wrought thy fall.

CHORUS

Look ye, countrymen and Thebans, this is Oedipus the great,

He who knew the Sphinx's riddle and was mightiest in our state.

Who of all our townsmen gazed not on his fame with envious eyes?

Now, in what a sea of troubles sunk and overwhelmed he lies!

Therefore wait to see life's ending ere thou count one mortal blest;

Wait till free from pain and sorrow he has gained his final rest.

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# Glossary

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